

CHAPTER 63

Al-Munāfiqūn: The Hypocrites

(REVEALED AT MADINAH: 2 sections; 11 verses)

The entire chapter, as its name shows, deals with *the hypocrites* and condemns *hypocrisy*. The first section speaks of their false promises and their desire to see Islām abased and wiped out, while the second section concludes with an exhortation to the Muslims to be sincere and not to be led away by the love of wealth and children.

The date of revelation may be assigned to a time when the hypocrites became separated from the believers, which first took place in the battle of Uhud, and therefore it was probably in the third year of the Hijrah that it was revealed.

SECTION 1: The Hypocrites

In the name of Allāh, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1 When the hypocrites come to thee, they say: We bear witness that thou art indeed Allāh's Messenger. And Allāh knows thou art indeed His Messenger. And Allāh bears witness that the hypocrites are surely liars.

2 They take shelter under their oaths, thus turning (men) from Allāh's way. Surely evil is that which they do.

3 That is because they believed, then disbelieved; thus their hearts are sealed, so they understand not.^a

يش مر الله الرَّحُ مَن الرَّحِ يُمِ إذا جاءك المُنْفِقُوْن قَالُوْا نَنْهَ لَ الْنَّكَ لَرَسُوْلُ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُوْلُهُ * وَاللَّهُ يَشْهَلُ إِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ لَحَانُ أَنْهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُرَجَنَّةً فَصَلُّوْا عَنْ سَبِيلُ اللَّهُ إِنَّهُمُ مِنَاءً مَا خَلِكَ بِاللَّهُ أَمَنُوْا تَشْ كَفَرُوا فَطُبُعَ عَلَى تُلُوْبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُوْنَ ؟

³*a*. Note how the sealing of hearts is described here. It is man's own action which is the cause, while the sealing is but the necessary consequence.

4 And when thou seest them, their persons please thee; and if they speak, thou listenest to their speech. They are like pieces of wood, clad with garments. They think every cry to be against them. They are the enemy, so beware of them. May Allāh destroy them! How they are turned back!^{*a*}

5 And when it is said to them: Come, the Messenger of Allāh will ask forgiveness for you, they turn away their heads and thou seest them hindering (others), and they are big with pride.

6 It is alike to them whether thou ask forgiveness for them or ask not forgiveness for them — Allāh will never forgive them. Surely Allāh guides not the transgressing people.

7 They it is who say: Spend not on those who are with the Messenger of Allāh that they may disperse. And Allāh's are the treasures of the heavens and the earth, but the hypocrites understand not.

8 They say: If we return to Madinah, the mightier will surely drive out the meaner therefrom. And might belongs to Allāh and His Messenger and the believers, but the hypocrites know not.^a

وَ إِذَا رَآيَتَهُمُ نَعْجِبُكَ ٱجْسَامُهُمْ وَ إِنْ يَتَقُوْلُوْا تَسْمَعُ لِقَوْلِهِمْ كَآنَهُمْ حُشْبٌ مُسَنَّىَةٌ " يَحْسَبُوْنَ كُلَّ صَيْحَةٍ عَلَيْهِمْ هُمُ الْعَكُوُّ فَاحْدَرْهُمْ قْتَلَهُمُ اللهُ أَكَنْ يُؤْفَكُونَ ۞

وَ إِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْا يَسْتَغْفِرُ لَكُمْ رَسُوْلُ اللّهِ لَوَّوْا رُءُوْسَهُمُوَ رَايَتَهُمُ يَصُنَّ وُنَ وَ هُمْ شَّسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ ©

سَوَا ۖ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱسْتَغْفَرُتَ لَهُمُ أَمُر لَمُ تَسْتَغْفِرُ لَهُمْ لَنَ يَغْفِرَ اللهُ لَهُ مُ ا إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهْ بِي الْقَوْمَ الْفُسِقِيْنَ ۞

هُمُ الَّذِيْنَ يَقُرُلُوْنَ لَا تُنْفِقُوْا عَلَى مَنْ عِنْنَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ حَتَّى يَنْفَضُّوْا وَلِلَّهِ خَزَا بِنُ السَّلْوِتِ وَالْأَثْرَضِ وَلَكِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ لَا يَغْقَهُوْنَ ۞ يَقُوُلُوْنَ لَمِنْ وَجَعْنَآ إِلَى الْمَكِ يُنَةِ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ الْاَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ ۞

SECTION 2: An Exhortation

9 O you who believe, let not your

لَيَا يَهْمَا الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا لَا تُلْهِكُمُ أَمْوَالُكُمْ

⁴a. By the *cry* is here meant the *hostile incursion* of the enemy *by which the tribes are surprised* (LL). Whenever there was an incursion of the enemy, the hypocrites showed cowardice and thought that the Muslims would be crushed by their adversaries.

⁸*a*. So late as this revelation, the hypocrites considered themselves, in conjunction with their disbelieving friends, to be the stronger party and the Muslims to be the weaker party, whom they could easily drive out of Madinah. But they are told that they themselves will meet with disgrace. Ultimately their opposition came to naught; see 9:101*b*.

wealth nor your children divert you from the remembrance of Allāh; and whoever does that, these are the losers.

10 And spend out of that which We have given you before death comes to one of you, and he says: My Lord, why didst Thou not respite me to a near term, so that I should have given alms and been of the doers of good deeds?

11 But Allāh respites not a soul, when its term comes. And Allāh is Aware of what you do. وَلَا ٱوْلَادُكُمْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ اللهِ ٥ وَ مَنْ يَقْعَلُ ذَلِكَ فَأُولَإِكَ هُمُ الْخَسِرُوْنَ ٥ وَٱنْفِقُوْ امِنْ مَّارَزَقْنَكُمْ مِّنْ قَبْل آنْ يَآتِي آحَكَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ فَيقَوْل رَبِّ لَوْ لَا آخَرُ تَنْيَ إِلَى آجَل قَرِيبٍ فَكَصَّتَ قَ وَ آحُنُ يَّؤَخِرَ اللهُ نَفْسًا إِذَاجَاءَ أَجَلُهَا وَ اللهُ خَبِيْنُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ شَ

لا المفاما (١٣) سُورة التَّخابين مَكرنيتَهُ

Chapter 64

Al-Taghābun: The Manifestation of Losses

(REVEALED AT MADINAH: 2 sections; 18 verses)

This chapter not only warns the disbelievers of the evil consequences of their deeds but also exhorts the believers to continue their march towards spiritual advancement, not permitting worldly attractions to interfere in the necessary attainment of perfection. The chapter is appropriately entitled *The Manifestation of Losses*, because, not only will disbelievers find their losses manifested on a certain day, but believers will also find such losses manifested, if they have been remiss in fulfilling their obligations.

The first section, after referring to All $\bar{a}h$ as being the Creator of both believers and disbelievers, warns the disbelievers of the consequences of their evil deeds on the day of Resurrection. The second section exhorts the Muslims to be obedient to the Messenger, and not to be led into a wrong course by worldly allurements.

There is a difference of opinion as to whether this chapter is of Makkan or Madinan origin; the majority incline to the latter opinion. Internal evidence shows it to be an early Madinan revelation.

SECTION 1: Disbelievers Warned

In the name of Allāh, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1 Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth glorifies Allāh. His is the kingdom, and His the praise; and He is Possessor of power over all things.

2 He it is Who created you, but one of you is a disbeliever and one of you is a believer. And Allāh is Seer of what you do.

3 He created the heavens and the earth with truth, and He shaped you,

بِسُحِ اللَّهِ الرَّحُمْنِ الرَّحِيْهِ يُسَبِّحُ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ مَا فِي الْأَثْرُضْ لَهُ الْمُلُكُ وَلَهُ الْحَمْنُ وَهُوَ عَلَى حُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَبِ يُرُ

هُوَ الَّنِ ى خَلَقَكُمُ فَمِنْكُمُ كَافِرٌ وَمِنْكُمُ

خَكَقَ الشَّمُوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ

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then made goodly your shapes; and to Him is the resort.

4 He knows what is in the heavens and the earth, and He knows what you hide and what you manifest. And Allāh is Knower of what is in the hearts.

5 Has there not come to you the story of those who disbelieved before, then tasted the evil consequences of their conduct, and they had a painful chastisement?

6 That is because there came to them their messengers with clear arguments, but they said: Shall mortals guide us? So they disbelieved and turned away, and Allāh is above all need. And Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Praised.

7 Those who disbelieve think that they will not be raised. Say: Aye, by my Lord! you will certainly be raised; then you will certainly be informed of what you did. And that is easy to Allāh.

8 So believe in Allāh and His Messenger and the Light which We have revealed. And Allāh is Aware of what you do.

9 The day when He will gather you for the day of Gathering, that is the day of the Manifestation of losses.^{*a*} And whoever believes in Allāh and does good, He will remove from him his evil and cause him to enter Gardens wherein rivers flow, to abide

وَصَوَّى کَمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُوَى حُرْ وَ إِلَيْهِ الْمُصِيرُ، يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الشَّمَانِ وَ الْآَرْضِ وَ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَسِرُّوْنَ وَ مَا يَعْلَنُونَ ط وَ اللهُ عَلِيهُ عَلِيهُ بِذَاتِ الصُّبُ وَينَ ٱلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ نَبَوُ اللَّنِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ فَنَاقُوْا وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِمُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَاتٌ ٱلْمُوْ ذلكَ بِإِنَّهُ كَانَتُ تَأْتُهُمْ رُسُ باليبتنت فقالوا أتشر تتف ونتاز فَكْفَرُوا وَ تَوَكُّوا وَ اسْتَغْنَى اللَّهُ وَ غَبَيٌّ حَمِثُكُ ۞ زَعَهَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا أَنْ لَنْ يَبْعِنُوْا فَقُلْ بَلِّي وَ سَابِيْ لَتَبِعُثُنَّ نُهُ لَتُنْتَعُرُنَّ بِمَاعَمِلْتُمْ وَذَلِكَ عَلَى اللهِ يَسِيرُ ال فَامِنُوْا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُوْلِهِ وَالنُّوْرِ الَّيْنِيْ ٱنْزَلْنَا مُوَ اللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَيدُون يومريجه عكمر ليومر الجمع ذلك يومر التَّغَابُن وَ مَن يُؤْمِنْ بِاللهِ وَيَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا يُكْفِنْ عَنْهُ سَبّانِتِهِ وَ سُلْخِلْهُ حَتَّتِ تَجْرِيُ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُدُخَا

⁹a. Taghābun is derived from <u>ghabn</u>, which means the causing of loss to another. It may be either in property or in judgment, and <u>ghabintu kadhā</u> means I neglected the thing. Yaum al-taghābun is the day of Resurrection, on account of the manifestation on that day of the <u>ghabn</u> or the loss (R).

therein forever. That is the great achievement.^b

10 And those who disbelieve and reject Our messages, they are the companions of the Fire, abiding therein; and evil is the resort.

SECTION 2: An Exhortation

11 No calamity befalls but by Allāh's permission. And whoever believes in Allāh, He guides his heart. And Allāh is Knower of all things.

12 And obey Allāh and obey the Messenger; but if you turn away, the duty of Our Messenger is only to deliver (the message) clearly.

13 Allāh, there is no God but He. And on Allāh let the believers rely.

14 O you who believe, surely of your wives and your children there are enemies to you,^{*a*} so beware of them. And if you pardon and forbear and forgive, surely All $\bar{a}h$ is Forgiving, Merciful.

15 Your wealth and your children are only a trial, and All $\overline{a}h$ — with Him is a great reward.

16 So keep your duty to Allāh as much as you can, and hear and obey and spend; it is better for your souls.



⁹b. Note that he who acts righteously will have his evil removed, because a change comes over his life. There is no doubt that, when a complete transformation takes place in the life of a man, the consequences of the evil which he might have previously wrought are wiped out.

فِيْهَا آبَ لَاحْذَلِكَ الْفَوْنُ الْتَظِيمُ () وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ كَنَّ بُوْابِالْيَتِنَا أُوْلَيْكَ أَصْحِبُ النَّارِخُلِدِيْنَ فِنْهَا وَ بِثْسَ الْمُصَيَّدُ شُ

¹⁴*a*. Because it is most often for the sake of one's wife and children that one acts wrongfully towards others. Thus, in some cases the wife or the children become an enemy to man. Note the use of the word *min* ("of"), which shows that it is only occasionally that a man is led to an evil course.

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And whoever is saved from the greediness of his soul, these it is that are the successful.

17 If you set apart for Allāh a goodly portion, He will double it for you and forgive you. And Allāh is the Multiplier (of rewards), Forbearing,

18 The Knower of the unseen and the seen, the Mighty, the Wise.

وَ مَنْ يَبُوْنَ شُحَّ نَفْسِهٖ فَأُولَيِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ ۞

إِنْ تُقْرِضُوا الله قَرْضًا حَسَنًا يُضْعِفُهُ لَكُمْ وَيَغْفِرُ لَكُمْ أَوَاللهُ تَشَكُوُرُ حَلِيْمُ

غِلِمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيمُ